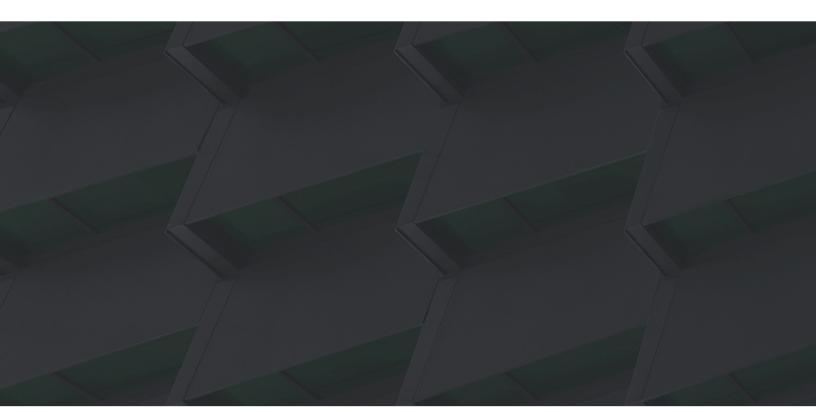
TECHNOLOGY CHARACTERISTICS

# CNC Press **Technology**





# CNC PRESS TECHNOLOGY

# Technology Characteristics

SSI Sintered Specialties is an industry leader in metal parts manufacturing through press and sinter, with a fleet of 39 conventional and CNC presses ranging from 20-880 tons, including 32 high temperature furnaces. The below characteristics describe what parts are fit for this process.

# MATERIAL AVAILABILITY

There is a wide range of options available for materials in conventional powder metallurgy. This includes - but is not limited to - stainless steels and chromium steels for high temperature sintering and dual materials like soft magnetic and non-magnetic layered materials, which can be applied radially. Engineered custom grades are also available.

# **CNC TECHNOLOGY IS BEST FIT FOR:**

- Four to six level components, where every level can be precisely controlled and managed
- Components with undercut features
- Applications requiring high temperature sintering

# **DESIGN GUIDELINES:**

- Projected area: 25 510 square mm
- Part length: 3 100 mm
- Minimum wall thickness: 2 mm
- OD: 25 250 mm
- Aspect ratio: 10:1

# **DESIGN FEATURES:**

- Moderately complex 3D parts with these features:
  - Combining multiple parts into one
  - Undercuts, grooves, slots & depressions
  - Net shape capabilities
  - Knurled surfaces on punch faces
  - External and internal threads as secondary operations
  - Light weighting: only putting material where needed
  - Protrusions: bosses



# CNC PRESS TECHNOLOGY

# Technology Characteristics

## **DIMENSIONAL PRECISION**

- High temperature sintering: +/- 0.25 mm
- Conventional sintering: +/- 0.1%
- +/- 100 microns in direction of pressing

### **MINIMUM RADIUS**

• 250 - 500 microns, depending on locations

### **SUFACE FINISH**

- 1.6 um punch surfaces, in line with MPIF standard 58
- 0.8 um die wall surfaces, in line with MPIF standard 58

#### DRAFT

Draft is typically not required, with some exceptions for shelf dies and step core rods.

### TOOLING

Tooling is required, with cost dependent on application complexity and number of levels.

